

2021 Third Quarter Briefing

November 2021

Agenda

- Introduction of Cathay FHC
- 9M21 Business Overview
- Overseas Expansion
- Business Performance Summary

Cathay United Bank

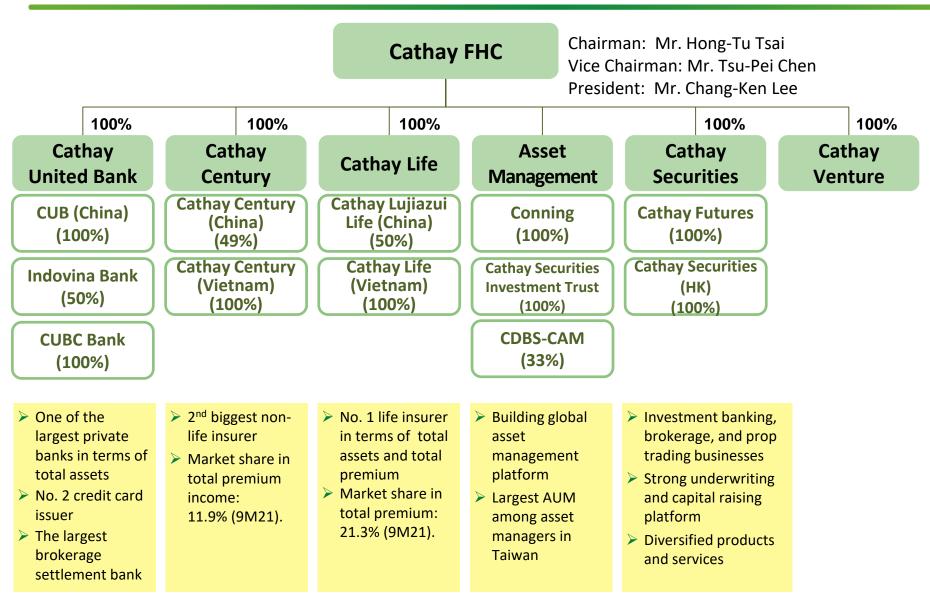
Cathay Life

Cathay Century

- Cathay's CSR Efforts
- Appendix



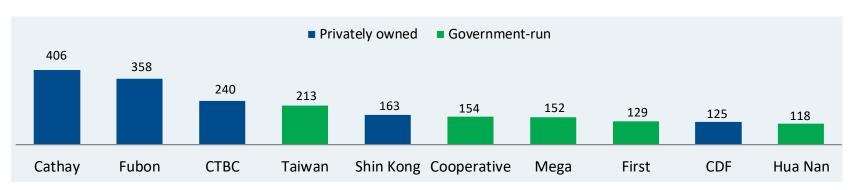
Cathay FHC: largest FHC, comprehensive products



Market leader in Taiwan's FIG sector

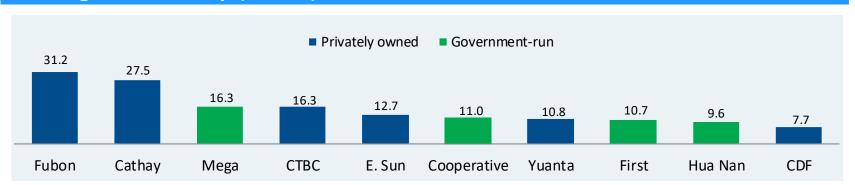
Largest listed financial group by assets.

Ranking of total asset (US\$bn)



Note: Total assets as of June 30, 2021

Ranking of market cap (US\$bn)



Note: Market capitalization as of October 29, 2021



Cathay FHC's continuous effort in ESG integration



2014

- Renamed CSR Committee to Corporate Sustainability Committee, supervised by the Board
- Formed Responsible Investment Team
- Included in DJSI Emerging Market Index
- Cathay United Bank signed Equator Principles, a first in Taiwan

• Established CSR Committee

2015

Dow Jones Sustainability Indices

Powered by the S&P Global CSA

- Included in DJSI World Index
- Among the first to sign on TCFD initiative
- Cathay United Bank self-compliance with PRB
- The only Taiwan FIG joined
- CDP Non-Disclosure Campaign & Climate Action 100+ Initiatives
- Cathay Century P&C Insurance selfcompliance with PSI
- Joined Asia Investor Group on Climate Change (AIGCC)
- Cathay Life self-compliance with PSI



2018



2017



2016

2019

2020



- First Taiwan FIG to disclose carbon footprints in investment portfolio
- Active in engagement with government on climate governance
- Joined Ceres Valuing Water Finance
 Task Force
- Launched the Taiwan Sustainable Investment Survey
- Cathay Securities published ESG rating reports on individual listed companies
- Issued ESG integration report certified by third party
- Committed 100% renewable energy by 2030
- Participated Asian Utilities
 Engagement Program

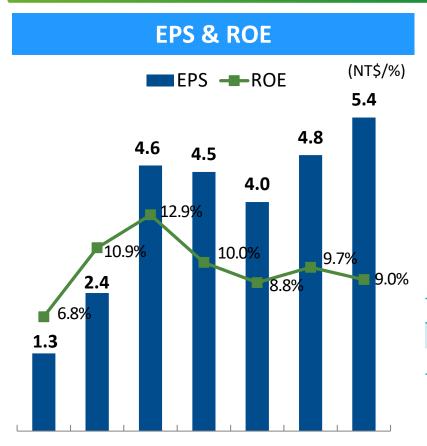


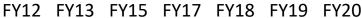
Participation in global and domestic ESG initiatives

Initiatives	Joined company / Time				
CDP	•	Cathay FHC (2012)			
Low Carbon Investment Registry	•	Cathay FHC (2014)			
Taiwan Stewardship Principles	•	Cathay Life & Cathay SITE (2016) Cathay Century Insurance (2017) Cathay United Bank & Cathay Securities (2018)			
Asia Investor Group on Climate Change (AIGCC)	•	Cathay FHC (2016)			
CDP non-disclosure engagement campaign	•	Cathay FHC (2017)			
Climate Action 100+	•	Cathay Life & Cathay SITE (2017)			
PRI (signatory / voluntary self-compliance)	•	Conning Inc. (PRI signatory in 2015) Cathay Life (voluntary self-compliance in 2015)			
PSI (voluntary self-compliance)	•	Cathay Life (2016) Cathay Century Insurance (2017)			
PRB (voluntary self-compliance)	•	Cathay United Bank (2018)			
TCFD	•	Cathay FHC (2018)			
Valuing Water Finance Task Force	•	Cathay FHC & Cathay Life (2020)			
Asian Utilities Engagement Program	•	Cathay FHC (2021)			



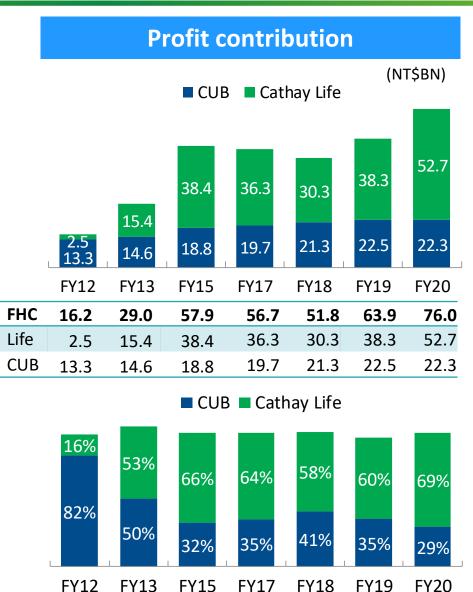
Cathay FHC continued to deliver solid earnings





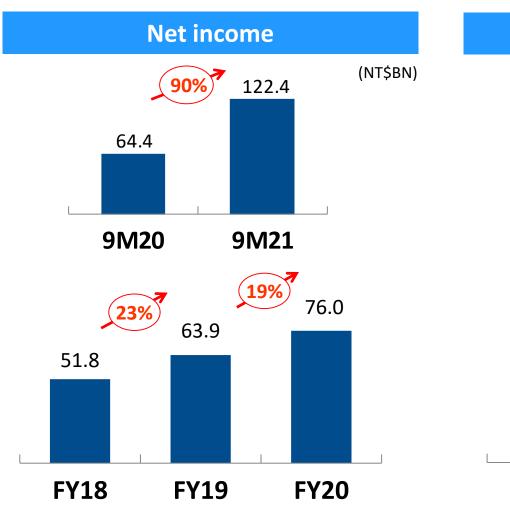
Note: (1) FY13 figures do not reflect the impact from applying fair value method on investment property.

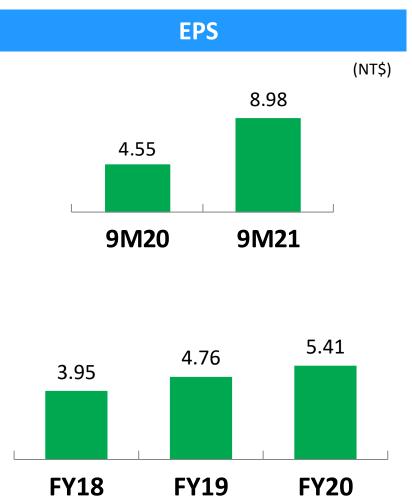
- (2) Since Cathay FHC has more subsidiaries other than Cathay Life and CUB, besides, due to affiliate transactions, the Cathay FHC net income might not equal to the sum of Cathay Life and CUB's.
- (3) EPS has been adjusted for stock dividend (stock split).



Cathay FHC – Net income & EPS

■ 9M21 net income outpaced 2020 full-year earnings, driven by sound investment performance.



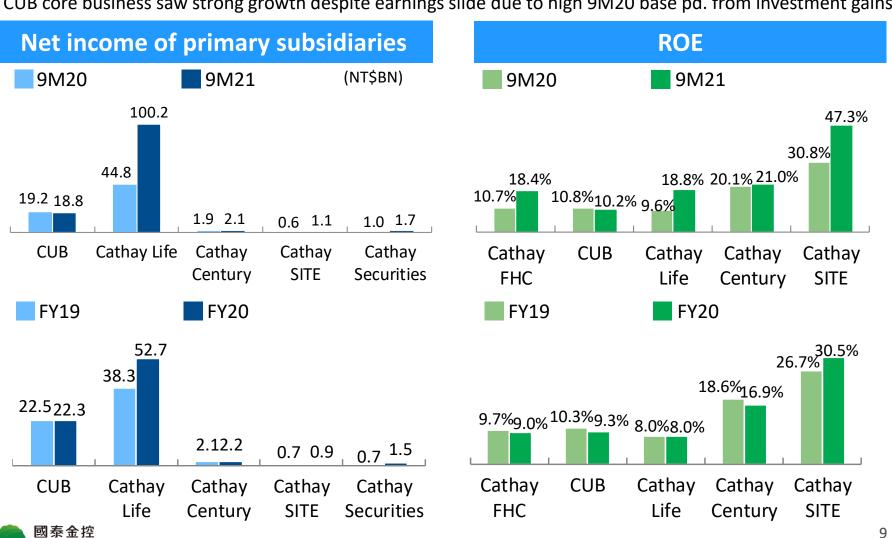




8

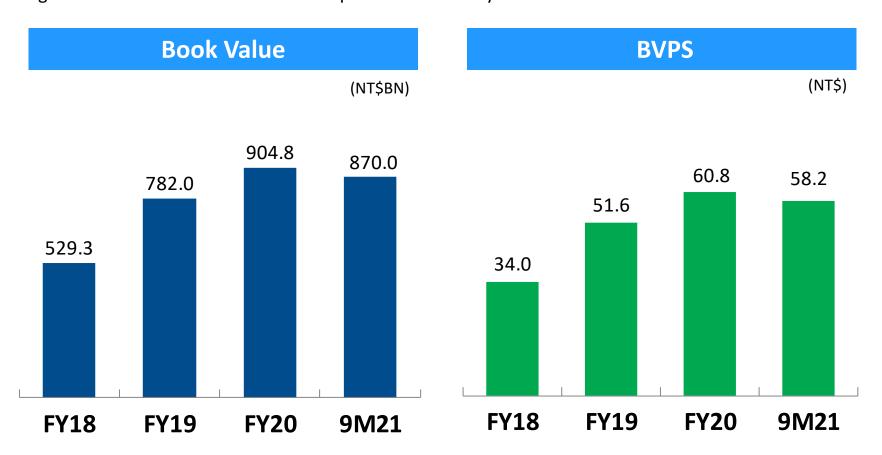
Cathay FHC – Net income & ROE

- Cathay Life brought strong investment performance with net profit over NT\$100bn. Net profit of Securities and SITE surpassed respective FY20 total net profits amid economic recovery and financial market rally.
- CUB core business saw strong growth despite earnings slide due to high 9M20 base pd. from investment gains.



Cathay FHC – Book value & BVPS

Book value was supported by strong earnings contributions, partially offset by a reduction in unrealized gains on fixed income assets due to uptick in U.S. bond yield.



Note: (1) Book value includes preferred shares and minority interests, BVPS represented BVPS attributable to common shareholders.

(2) Starting Jan.1, 2018, the reporting was based on IFRS 9.

9M21 Business Overview

Cathay United Bank

- Net interest income grew solidly YoY with double-digit loan growth and higher demand-deposit ratio.
- Fee income showed YoY growth, driven by strong wealth management fee income.

Cathay Life

- Adhered to value-driven strategy. Protection-type FYP grew 12% YoY. Investment-linked product AUM increased to ~NT\$700bn, ranking No. 1 in the industry.
- Delivered sound investment performance with after-hedging investment yield of 5.2%. Net profit continued to set new records, marking a milestone as the first Taiwan life insurer with YTD net profit over NT\$100bn.

Cathay Century

- Premium income grew 10% YoY. Ranked second in market share, holding 12%. Core business grew steadily; developed new type of products to meet public needs.
- Developed online business in China. Expanded local team in Vietnam and increased premium income through digital transformation and mobile apps.

Cathay SITE

- Ranked No. 1 in AUM, totaling NT\$1,197bn. Net profit and EPS both set new records for 9M21.
- Recognized by Asia Asset Management and Benchmark. Received TFF-Bloomberg Best Fund Award and Golden Goblet Award in 2021.

Cathay Securities

- Optimized customer experience with a digital-only business model; focused on digital customers to increase customer base.
- Number of new accounts opened in 9M21 surpassed 1mn. Earnings and number of customers each hit new records for a first-nine months period.



Agenda

- Introduction of Cathay FHC
- 9M21 Business Overview
- Overseas Expansion
- Business Performance Summary

Cathay United Bank

Cathay Life

Cathay Century

- Cathay's CSR Efforts
- Appendix



Cathay FHC in South East Asia

	China	Vietnam	Cambodia	Hong Kong	Singapore	Malaysia	Laos	Philippines	Myanmar	Thailand	Indonesia
Bank	7	36	16	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Life	53	142									
P&C	26	2									
Asset Mgt.	1			1							
Securities				2							

Note: (1) Footprints in Thailand and Indonesia are rep. offices.

- (2) Investments in RCBC and Bank Mayapada are funded by Cathay Life.
- (3) Cathay FHC owns 49% stake of Cathay Century (China), and 33% stake of CDBS Cathay Asset Management.

Myanmar Thailand Cambodia Philippines Cathay Life Cathay United Bank Cathay Century Laos Vietnam Philippines Singapore Laos Vietnam Philippines

Banking

- Vietnam: IVB continued to expand in corporate, consumer and digital banking business.
- Cambodia: Local subsidiary's business grew steadily.
- Philippines: Invested in RCBC.(2)
- Indonesia: Invested in Bank Mayapada. (2)

■ Cathay Life (Vietnam)

- Total premium grew 43% YoY to 1.7tn VND in 9M21.
- Expanded and diversified distribution channels.

■ Cathay Century

 Continued to expand local distribution channels to enhance growth momentum.

Cathay FHC in China



- Cathay Lujiazui Life
- Cathay United Bank
- ▲ Cathay Century (China)
- Cathay Securities
- **♦** Conning Asia Pacific Limited
- CDBS Cathay Asset Management Company

Cathay United Bank

- China subsidiary saw continued steady performance.
- Issued first batch of large-scale certificates of deposit in September to expand and enhance business.

Cathay Lujiazui Life

- Total premium grew 13% YoY to 2.5bn RMB in 9M21.
- All business lines grew steadily.

Cathay Century (China)

 Formed a strategic alliance with Ant Group. Actively developed e-commerce financial services.

Cathay Securities (HK)

- Continued to grow local and cross-border business.
- JV with China Development Bank Securities (CDBS Cathay Asset Management)
- Business operations grew steadily.

Conning Asia Pacific Limited

Continued to expand asset management business.

Agenda

- Introduction of Cathay FHC
- 9M21 Business Overview
- Overseas Expansion
- Business Performance Summary

Cathay United Bank

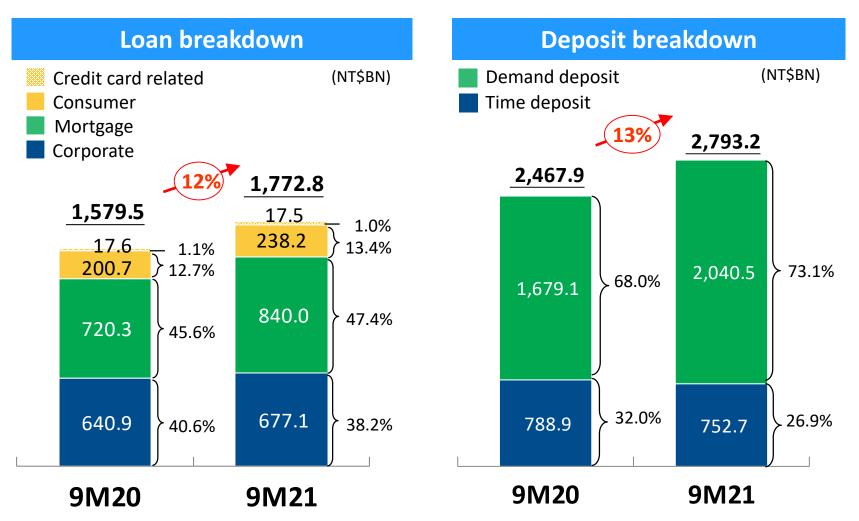
Cathay Life

Cathay Century

- Cathay's CSR Efforts
- Appendix

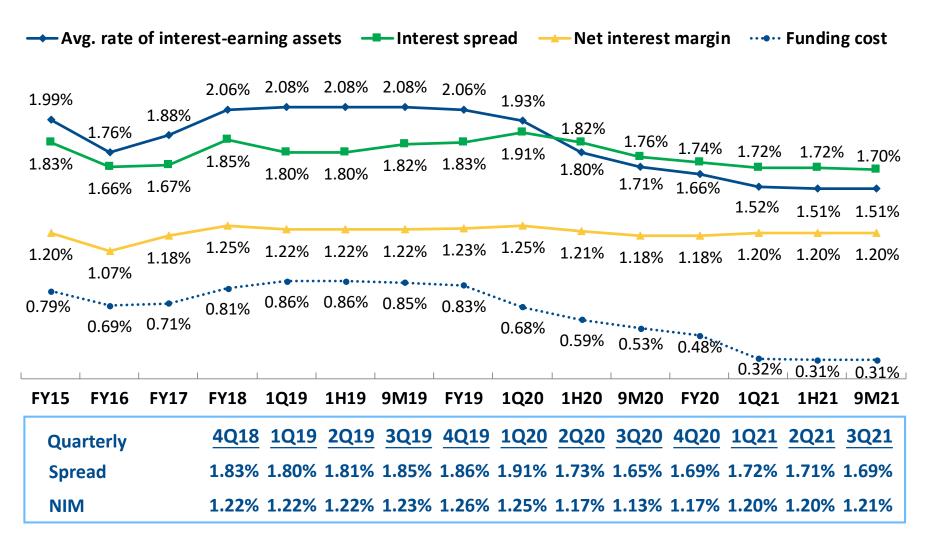
Cathay United Bank – Loan & Deposit breakdown

- Robust loan growth across consumer, mortgage and corporate loans.
- Deposits grew solidly with higher demand-deposit ratio.



Cathay United Bank – Interest yields

■ NIM stabilized in 2021. Negative impact of rate cuts was fully reflected in 3Q20.

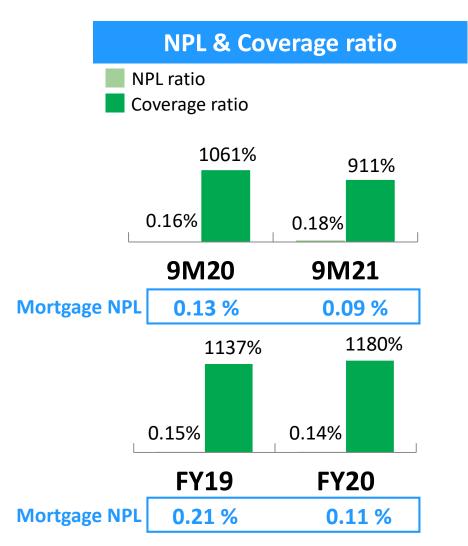


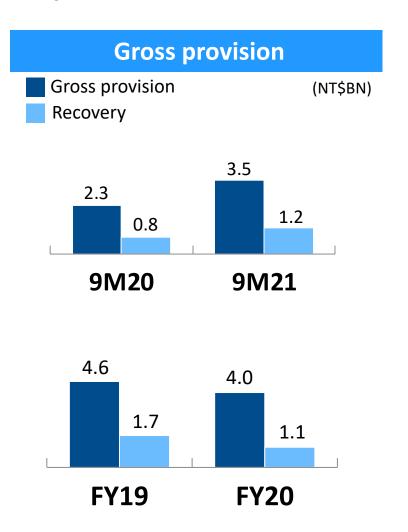
Note: (1) Credit card related loans are included in the calculation of interest spread.

⁽²⁾ China subsidiary was launched in Sep 2018. Hence, since 9M18, China subsidiary results was excluded.

Cathay United Bank – Credit quality

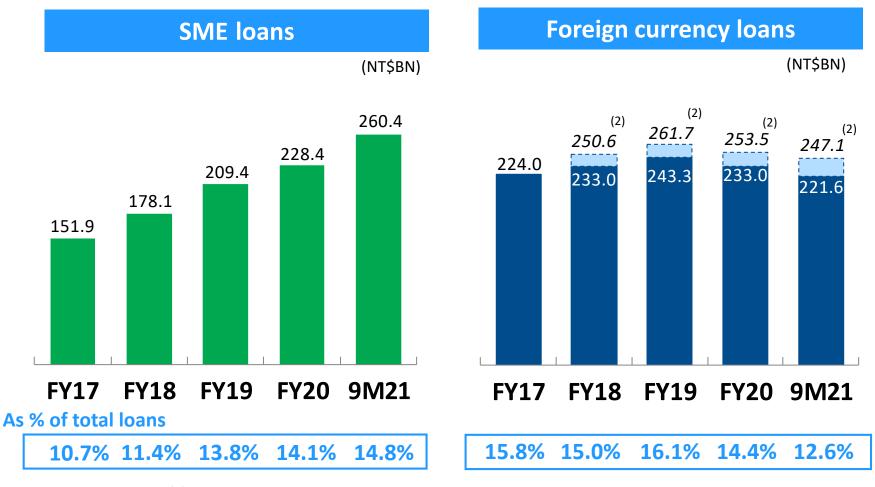
Asset quality remained steady with NPL at 0.18% and coverage ratio at 911%.





Cathay United Bank – SME & FX loans

- SME loans rose 14% YTD.
- Foreign currency loans saw slowdown due to overseas pandemic uncertainty.



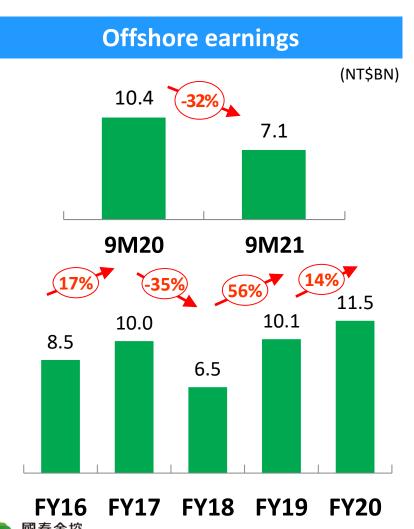
Note: (1) Total loans exclude credit card revolving balance.



(2) China subsidiary was launched in Sep 2018, hence FY18, FY19, FY20 and 9M21 foreign currency loan balance excluded NT\$17.6bn, NT\$18.4bn, NT\$20.5bn and NT\$25.5bn from China subsidiary, respectively. (preliminary)

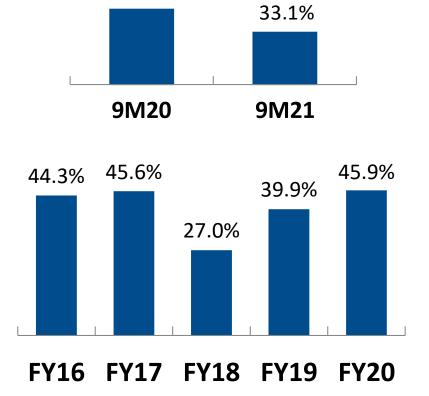
Cathay United Bank – Offshore earnings

Offshore earnings declined mainly due to higher 9M20 base period from investment gains.



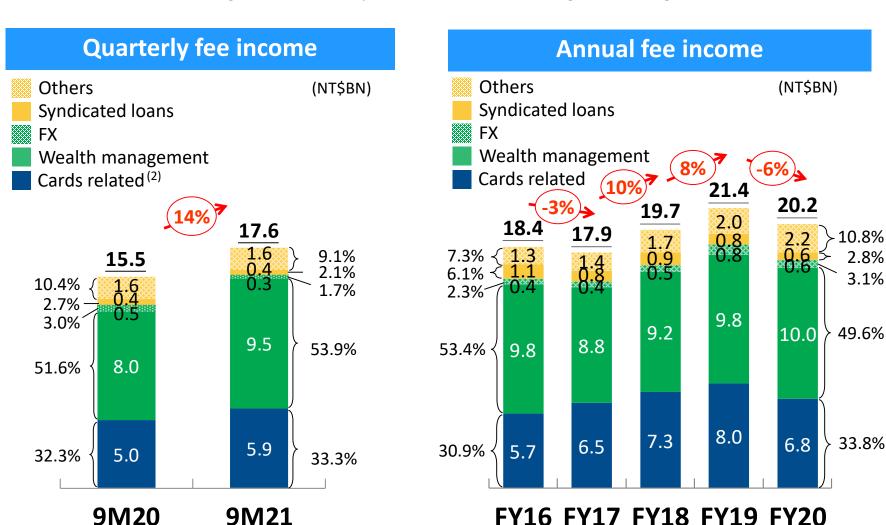
As % of CUB pre-tax profits

48.1%



Cathay United Bank – Fee income

■ Fee income showed YoY growth, driven by continued wealth management fee growth.



Note: (1) China subsidiary was launched in Sep 2018. Hence, since 9M18, China subsidiary results was excluded.

(2) 9M21 credit card fee income and expenses each increased NT\$1bn, applying NCCC accounting treatment change from Mar 2021. 9M20 and 9M21 net credit card fee income were NT\$3.0bn and NT\$3.1bn, respectively.

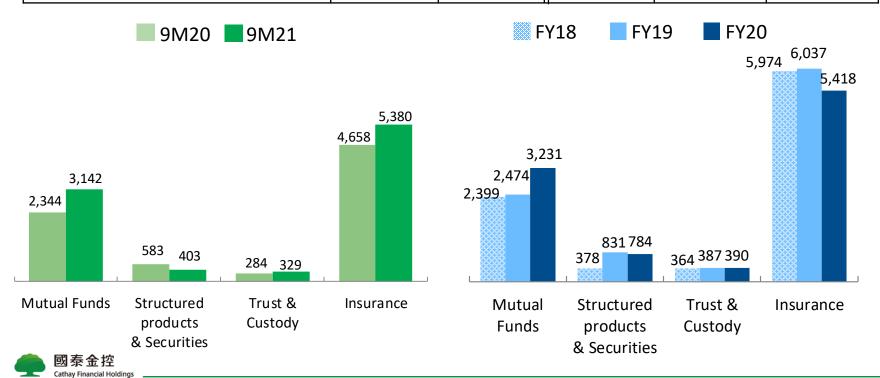


Cathay United Bank – Wealth management fee

Wealth management fee increased 19% YoY, driven by continued solid influx of mutual funds and strong sales of investment-linked products.

Wealth management fee breakdown

(NT\$MN)	9M20	9M21	FY18	FY19	FY20
Wealth management fee income	7,976	9,492	9,183	9,808	9,991
YoY growth (%)	2.8%	19.0%	3.9%	6.8%	1.9%



22

Cathay Life – Annual FYP & APE

First Year Premium

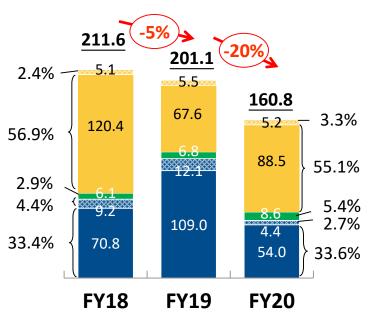
Others (NT\$BN)

Investment-linked & Interest sensitive annuity

Health and accident

Traditional life- Protection

Traditional life- Savings



Annualized FYP (APE)

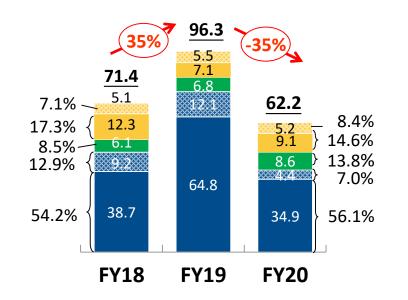
Others (NT\$BN)

Investment-linked & Interest sensitive annuity

Health and accident

Traditional life- Protection

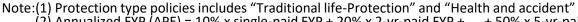
Traditional life- Savings



FX polices % (excl. Investmentlinked)

Cathay Financial Holdings

47% 50% 68%

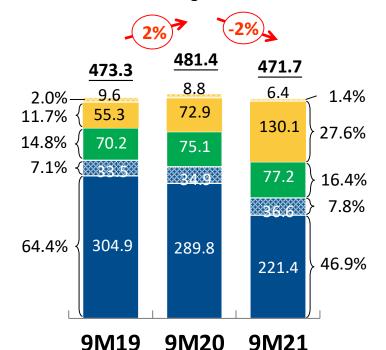


Cathay Life – Total premium

Total premium declined YoY due to lower renewal premium, reflecting the end of regular premium payment terms for certain top-selling products.

Quarterly total premium

- Others
- Investment-linked & Interest sensitive annuity
- Health and accident
- Traditional life- Protection
- Traditional life- Savings



Annual total premium Others Investment-linked & Interest sensitive annuity Health and accident Traditional life- Protection Traditional life- Savings 680.7 674.1 669.9 666.1 636.2 15.4 14.6 13.7 11.5 1.7% 0.5% -71.5 81.8 15.4% 102.3 135.4 92.4 25.8% 164.0 100.1 103.5 15.5% 98.1 35.7 48.0 13.6% 86.5 48.4 7.3% 39.8 6.3% { 455.0 430.6 60.1% 400.4 392.8 53.9% 342.7

FY18

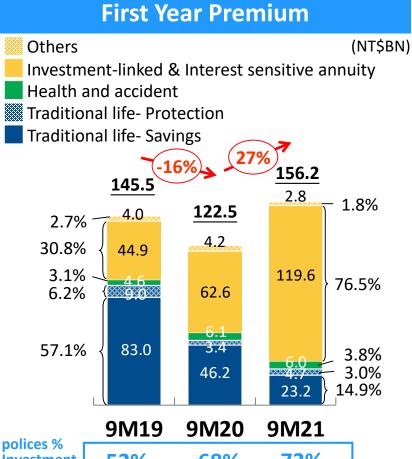
FY19

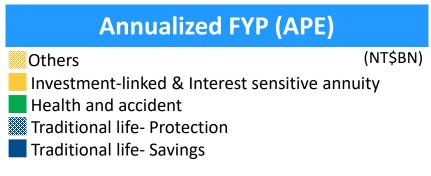
FY14

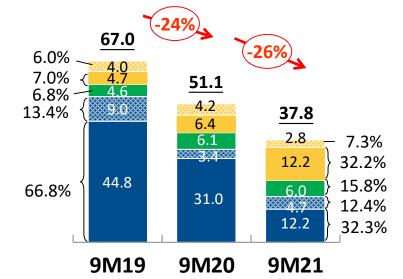
FY16

Cathay Life – Quarterly FYP & APE

- Substantial growth in investment-linked products (ILPs) led to 27% YoY growth in FYP.
- FYP of protection-type policies grew 12% YoY, supporting the contractual service margin (CSM).
- APE declined YoY, reflecting dominance of single-payment ILPs in FYP.





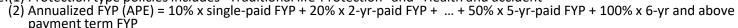


FX polices % (excl. Investmentlinked)

Cathay Financial Holdings

52% 68% **72%**

Note:(1) Protection type policies includes "Traditional life-Protection" and "Health and accident"



Cathay Life –Value of new business

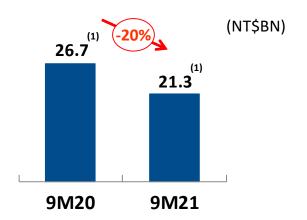
- VNB declined YoY due to high 1Q20 base driven by deferred premium income from stop-selling effect, and lower sales volume in mid-2021 amid local Covid-19 outbreak.
- Continued to grow high-CSM protection-type products. VNB margin increased to 48 % if excl. single-paid ILPs.

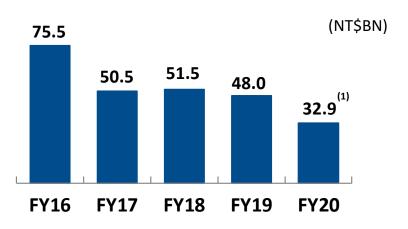
Value for New Business

Profit Margin	9M20 ⁽¹⁾	9M21 ⁽¹⁾		
VNB/FYP	22%	14%		
VNB/FYP (excl. Investment- linked (non-VUL))	41%	48%		
VNB/APE	52%	56%		

Value for New Business (annual)

Profit Margin	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20 ⁽²⁾	FY20 ⁽¹⁾
VNB/FYP	38%	22%	24%	24%	20%	20%
VNB/APE	56%	64%	72%	50%	51%	53%





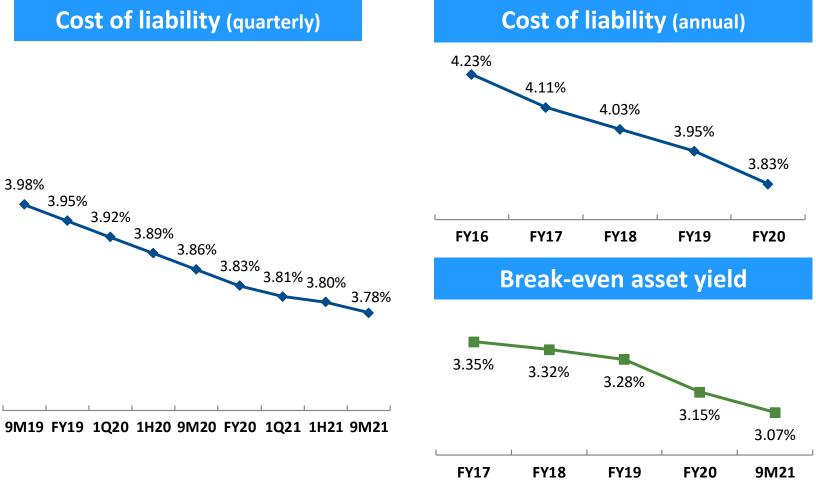
Note: (1) 9M20, FY20 and 9M21 VNB were based on 2020 Embedded Value assumptions.



⁽²⁾ Based on 2019 Embedded Value assumptions, 9M20 & FY20 VNB were NT\$25.7bn and NT\$31.8bn; VNB/FYP were 21% and 20%, VNB/APE were 50% and 51%, respectively.

Cathay Life – Cost of liability and break-even asset yield

- Continued to strengthen value-driven strategy.
- Cost of liability and break-even asset yield continued to improve.



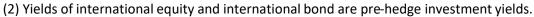
Note: The figures of cost of liability are reserve-based.

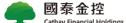


Cathay Life – Investment portfolio

(NT\$BN)	FY18	FY19		FY20			9M21	
Total investments ⁽¹⁾	5,761.0	6,415.0	6,945.1			7,119.3		
	Weight	Weight	Weight	Amount	Return	Weight	Amount	Return
Cash & Cash equivalents	1.1%	3.7%	4.8%	335	0.4%	4.2%	297	0.2%
Equity- Domestic	7.5%	5.0%	6.3%	438	13.5%	6.8%	486	24.5%
Equity- International ⁽²⁾	6.7%	5.8%	5.9%	407	5.5%	6.1%	438	12.7%
Bond- Domestic	5.0%	7.9%	8.0%	553	4.6%	7.5%	531	1.4%
Bond- International (1)(2)	58.6%	58.9%	58.0%	4,028	5.5%	58.8%	4,188	5.6%
Mortgage & Secured loans	7.1%	5.3%	4.5%	311	1.7%	4.3%	305	1.4%
Policy loans	3.0%	2.7%	2.4%	167	5.6%	2.4%	169	5.4%
Real estate	8.7%	8.2%	7.7%	537	2.9%	7.7%	547	2.5%
Others	2.4%	2.6%	2.4%	168		2.2%	158	

Note: (1) Total assets excluded separate account assets; international bond includes foreign currency deposit and related adjustments



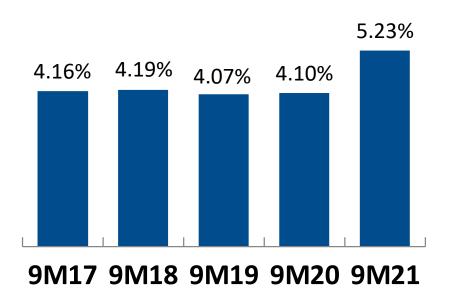


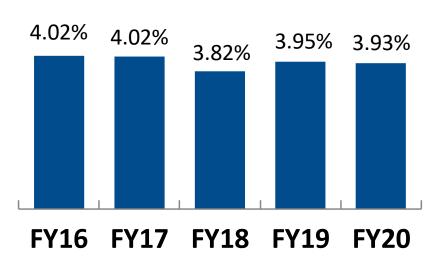
Cathay Life – Investment performance highlights

Strong gains from equity and fixed income positions boosted after-hedging investment yield.

After-hedging investment yield

After-hedging investment yield

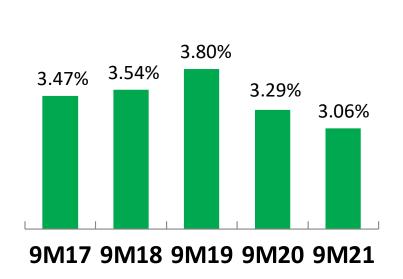




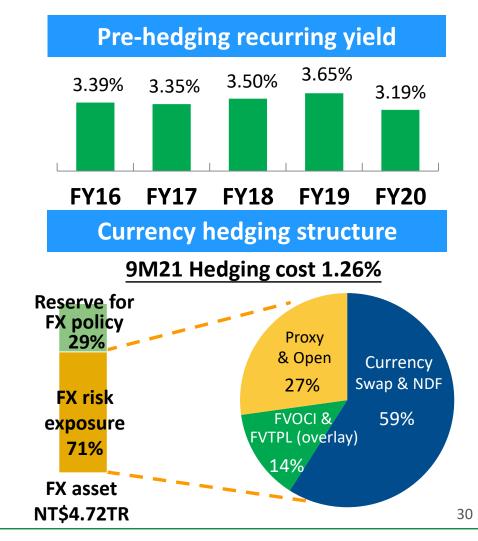
Cathay Life – Investment performance highlight

- Lower global interest rates in 2020 led to reduction in 9M21 pre-hedging recurring yield. Higher new money yield in 9M21 supported efforts to increase recurring income.
- Hedging costs improved given lower costs of traditional hedging tools and dynamic FX risk management.

Pre-hedging recurring yield

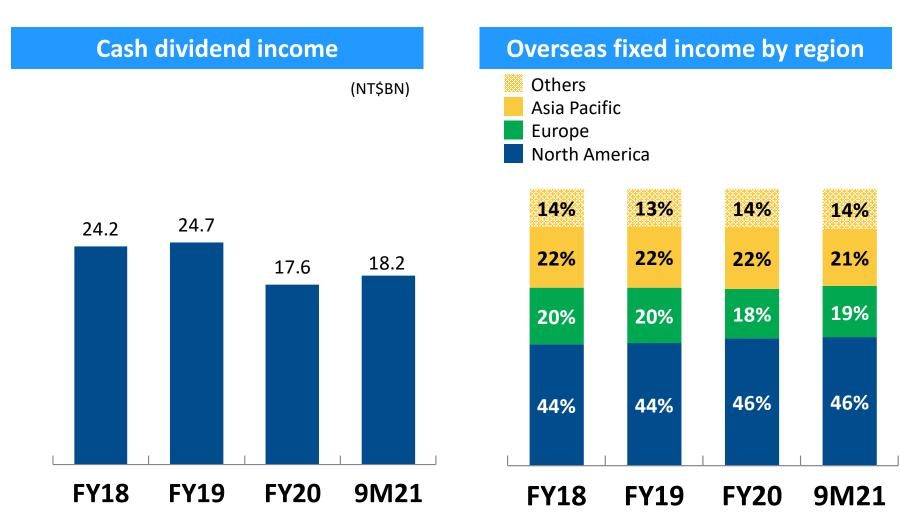


Note: Pre-hedging recurring income doesn't include capital gains but rental, interest revenue and cash dividend.



Cathay Life – Cash dividend income & Overseas fixed income by region

9M21 cash dividend income was NT\$ 18.2bn, surpassing 2020 full-year dividend income.

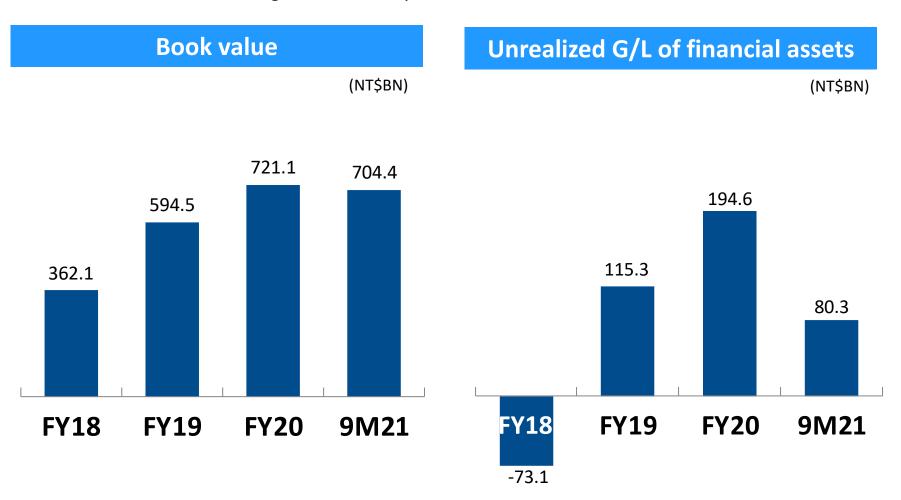




Note: Exclude overseas deposit.

Cathay Life – Book value & Unrealized G/L of financial assets

Book value was supported by strong realized gains, but was partially offset by lower unrealized gains from fixed income, reflecting YTD U.S. bond yield rebound.

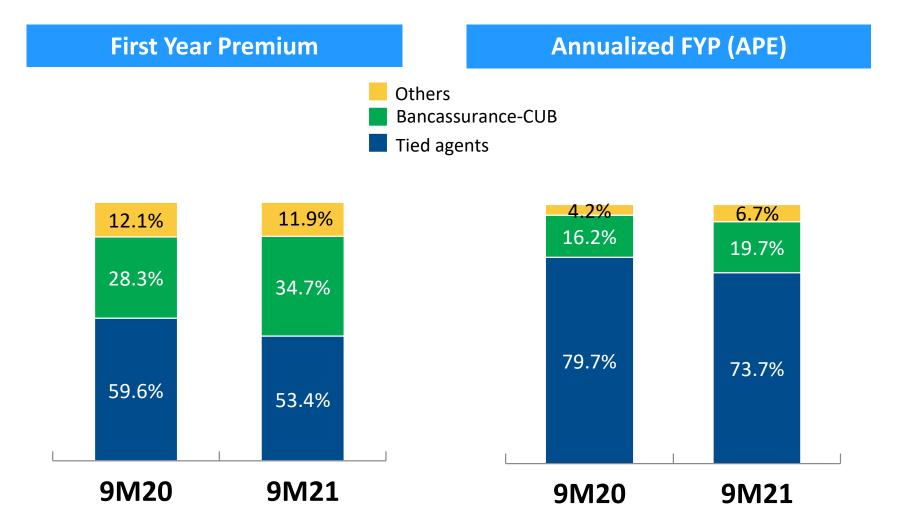




Note: FVOCI & FVTPL (overlay approach)

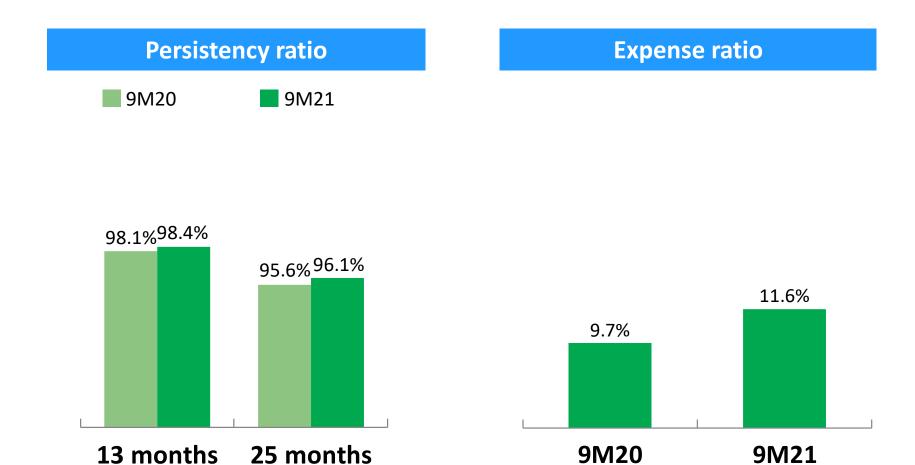
Cathay Life – Distribution channels

Premium income was generated mainly by Cathay Life agents and Cathay United Bank. The group's strong sales capabilities provided solid contributions to premium income and VNB.



Cathay Life – Operational indicators

□ Total expenses remained steady YoY while total premium declined, resulting in a higher expense ratio.





Agenda

- Introduction of Cathay FHC
- 9M21 Business Overview
- Overseas Expansion
- Business Performance Summary

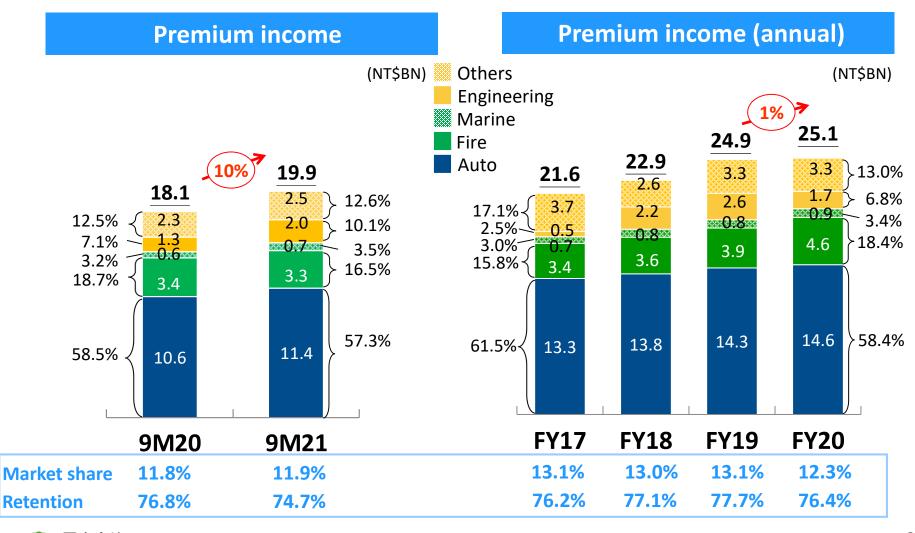
Cathay United Bank Cathay Life

Cathay Century

- Cathay's CSR Efforts
- Appendix

Cathay Century – Premium income

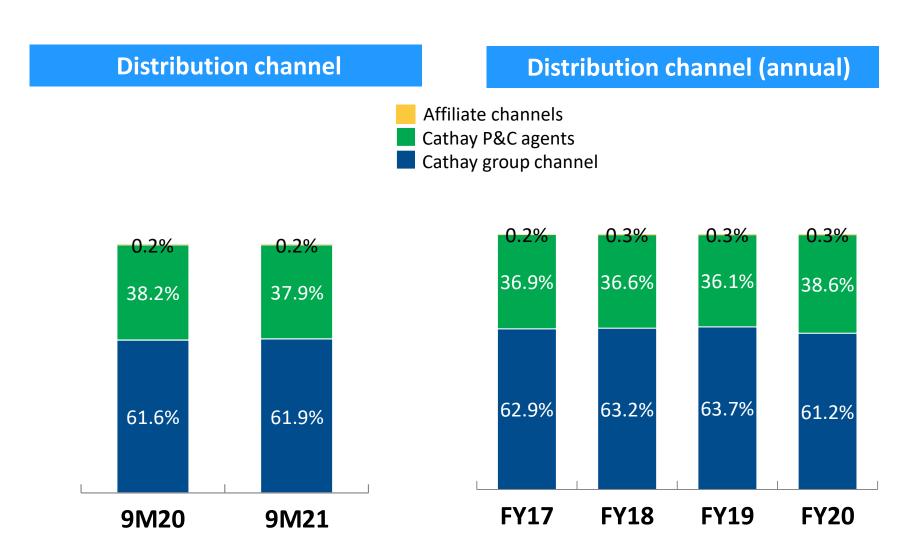
Premium income grew steadily. Market share was 11.9%, ranking No. 2 in the industry.





Cathay Century – Distribution channel

■ Benefiting from cross-selling synergy, over 60% of premium income was generated by the group channel.



Cathay Century – Combined ratio

Gross combined ratio increased due to relatively large claim events from commercial fire insurance. However, retained combined ratio improved through adequate reinsurance arrangement.





Agenda

- Introduction of Cathay FHC
- 9M21 Business Overview
- Overseas Expansion
- Business Performance Summary

Cathay United Bank

Cathay Life

Cathay Century

- Cathay's CSR Efforts
- Appendix



Renowned corporate sustainability performance

Recognized by local regulatory authorities

Top-20%
Corporate Governance

Over 1,000 listed companies

TWSE Corporate Governance Evaluation



Included in

FTSE4Good TIP Taiwan ESG Index
since 2017

Note: The FTSE4Good TIP Taiwan ESG Index is maintained by FTSE Russell and Taiwan Index Plus Corp. (TIP), a wholly owned subsidiary of Taiwan Stock Exchange.

Recognized by ESG ratings agencies

Member of

Dow Jones Sustainability Indices

Powered by the S&P Global CSA

Included in DJSI World & DJSI EM





AA







Recognized by Media



Top-10 World Corporate Citizen for **8** consecutive years, **Top-4** in 2020



Global Views

for 3 consecutive year (Finance & Insurance)



2020 Taiwan Corporate Sustainability Awards



Integrating sustainability into our business

Cathay integrates sustainability into major three business groups in accordance with the international sustainable frameworks.

Insurance Banking PSI EPS PRB

- Major Highlights
- ➤ In 2016, Cathay Life became the first Taiwanese life insurer voluntarily comply with the PSI.
- ➤ Cathay Century P&C Insurance adhered to PSI framework staring in 2017.

Team in-charge

Corporate Sustainability (CS) team at Cathay Life & Cathay Century Insurance

- CUB was the first Taiwanese bank to sign the Equator Principles (EPs) in 2015.
- ➤ In 2018, CUB committed to self-compliance with PRB to strengthen corporate sustainability.

Sustainable Finance Management Section at Cathay United Bank

Asset Management PRI

- Conning Inc., fully owned by Cathay FHC, is the PRI signatory.
- Conning's subsidiaries Octagon Credit Investors and Global Evolution are also PRI signatories.

Responsible investments team under Cathay FHC CS committee

Integrating ESG issues into all business processes

Business Processes	Risk Management	Products & Services	Operation	After-Sales Management	Investment
Integrating ESG into Business Process	 Consider ESG emerging risks Better manage climate risks and opportunities by following TCFD framework Set investment/lending limits and establish management procedures 	 Fintech and one-stop service Strengthen green finance and inclusive finance services Integrate ESG issues into underwriting and lending processes 	 Paperless operations and Fintech GHG inventory and carbon emission reduction Water and waste control 	 Review the product details and offer flexibility to customers following significant ESG incidents Trigger critical disaster claims mechanism following significant ESG incidents Disclose EPs projects 	 Exclusion policy ESG integration Sustainability-themed investing Corporate engagement and shareholders activism Investment mandate management

Integrating ESG into responsible investment and lending

Investment/Lending Process

Engagements after Investment/Lending

Investment & **Lending decision** Post-investment Negative/ exclusionary screening Dynamically manage ESG risks ESG annual review **Decline** Corporate engagement 2 ESG integration Exercise voting rights Encourage investees to improve Material ESG risks transparency **Post-lending** Investment/lending Investment — Controversial Financial & lending Dynamically manage ESG risks **Analysis** behaviors Manage according decision Monitor and manage intelligently with to ESG risks level Early Warning System ESG annual review Climate risks

Themed investment/lending

- Low carbon
- Infrastructure
- · Aging society and health
- Water resource Community and financial inclusion

4 Impact investing

Invest to solve social and environmental problem and measure the results.

6 Mandate investment management

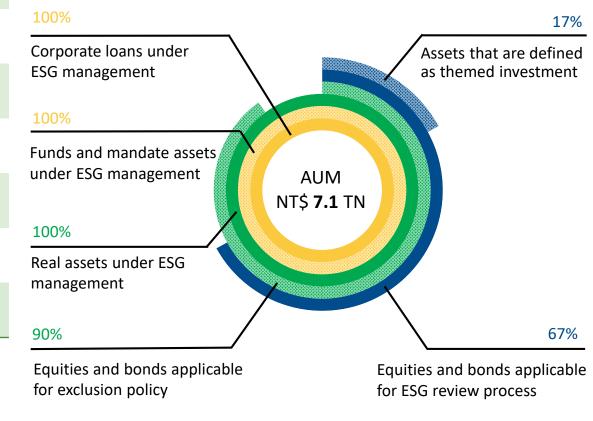
Check whether asset managers are PRI signatories and monitor their responsible investment performance

Implementing responsible investment across multiple asset classes

Responsible investment/lending policies

- Responsible Investment and Lending Policy
- Investment and Lending Exclusion Policy
- Stewardship Policy
- Engagement Policy
- Voting Policy
- Rules Governing Project Finance and Equator Principles
- Responsible Property Investment and Management Policy
- Risk Management Policy

NT\$7.1 TN assets under responsible investment and lending



Actively participating in Global ESG initiatives

Asia Investor Group on Climate Change (AIGCC)

Cathay FHC joined AIGCC in 2016 and participates in monthly conference calls on global trends in climate change.

Sophia Cheng, CIO of Cathay FHC, was appointed as the chair of AIGCC in November 2018.



Low Carbon Investment Registry

Cathay FHC is the only Taiwan financial institution to join the Low Carbon Investment Registry, initiated by GIC in 2014.

Total low carbon investment registered in 2020 reached US\$ 7.12 billion.



Climate governance initiatives

Cathay FHC has been a signatory of "Global Investor Statement to Governments on Climate Change" since 2014, urging governments of the G7 and G20 nations to fulfill their commitments to Paris Agreement.

Signed "The Investor Agenda" in 2018 to support low carbon investment, corporate engagement, TCFD climate disclosures, and policy advocacy.

Supported TCFD initiative since 2018, actively managing climate-related risks.



Engaging with investee companies on ESG improvement

Engagement policies and strategies

Cathay defined "climate change" and "ESG" as the main engagement strategy.

Aimed to strengthen Taiwan corporates' awareness and capability in response to climate risks and opportunities.

Urged Taiwan corporates to enhance ESG disclosures in line with global standards.

ESGImprovement

Investee engagement

More than 500 signatories with AUM over USD 47 trillion have joined Climate Action 100+ to engage 167 systemically important emitters and encourage them to curb emissions, improve governance and strengthen climate-related financial disclosures. Cathay Life and Cathay SITE are only two signatories in Taiwan.

Cathay has been in constant engagement with Taiwanese companies.



CDP non-disclosure campaign

Cathay is the only financial institution in Taiwan that has participated in the CDP Non-Discloser Campaign for 4 consecutive years, encouraging Cathay's investee companies to respond to CDP questionnaires.

Cathay has successfully engaged 25 companies since 2017; 65% of these companies improved their CDP scores in the following year.



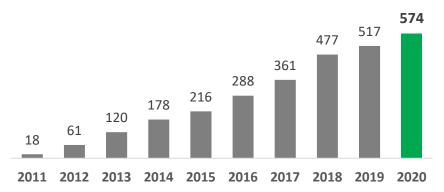


Hastening positive environmental change with solar & wind power loans

Wind Power



Total capacity of loan-financed solar power stations installed in Taiwan and overseas (MW)



Environmental Impact



Total capacity of financed solar power stations and wind turbines as of the end of 2020

1,342MW



Expected CO2 emissions reduction per years

1.6 million metric tons



Carbon emissions reduced by solar power devices and offshore wind turbines in 2020 measured as equivalent Da'an Forest Park annual carbon absorption

4,366

Da'an Forest Parks



Cumulative insured amount for hydroelectric power plants, solar power plants, and offshore wind farm construction and equipment

NT\$117.2 billion



Green vehicles insured as of 2020

14,135 green vehicles



Public bicycles riders insured as of 2020

47.6 million bicycle riders



Commitment to TCFD implementation

2015/12 How companies can engage in TCFD initiative: Financial Stability Board (FSB) established TCFD. 1. Agree to the terms of the TCFD commitment. Sign the commitment. 2017 TCFD released final Recommendations report. 3. Report climate-related financial information following TCFD recommendations as fully as practicable within 3 years. 4. Utilize the CDSB Framework or other applicable TCFD Garnered support by global companies and investors 2018 reporting frameworks for disclosure. 2018/06 **Cathay signed TCFD commitment** to disclose climate-related information aligned with TCFD recommendations. Benchmark global best practices on TCFD implementation. Cathay published CSR report following TCFD recommendations 2018/07 2018/12 Cathay established TCFD task force led by the CRO to manage the impact of climate-related risks on important assets and products. **2019** 2019/07 Cathay was the first Taiwan financial institution to disclose the carbon footprints of its investment portfolio. Cathay TCFD task force implemented plans to emphasize comprehensive quantitative analysis and scenario analysis 2019/08 of climate risks, and to incorporate the results of these analysis to improve management processes. 2020 Cathay established the three focus areas of "Climate, Health, and Empowerment" for the development of its 2020/05 sustainability strategy. Incorporated ESG (including climate change) risks into the Risk Management Policy 2020/11

Integrating climate risks/opportunities into businesses

TCFD

Risk assessment & management

Corporate lending

Stress test

Implemented internal carbon pricing to assess the potential impact of high-carbon-emission customers

Responsible lending process

- ESG risk review process
- Excluded and sensitive industries list

Self-owned real estate & mortgages

Identification

Physical risks to real estate and mortgages caused by typhoons and floods

Management

Implemented visualization system and management

Assessment

Loss estimates generated by NATCAT model and scenario analysis

Response

Exclusion of high-risk areas and insurance for high-value assets

Responsible securities

Carbon footprint

Identify high risk investees by calculating carbon foot print

Climate VaR

Use MSCI model to evaluate the impact of climate change on the value of investment portfolio

國泰金控 Cathay Financial Holding

Stewardship

- Set climate change as the topic of engagement
- Active management for fiduciaries to consider climate-related factors when making investments

Asset allocation

- ESG risk review process
- · Low-carbon investments
- Continue to look into industries with high climate-related risks

Life & property insurance Products

Assessment of climate-related risks

Product pricing and exposure calculation

Reinsurance for risk dispersion

Regular assessments using natural catastrophe model

Climate impact

Temperature rise, typhoon Product pricing adequacy evaluation

Risk management and product design feedback

Agenda

- Introduction of Cathay FHC
- 9M21 Business Overview
- Overseas Expansion
- Business Performance Summary

Cathay United Bank

Cathay Life

Cathay Century

- Cathay's CSR Efforts
- Appendix

Embedded Value & Appraisal Value

NT\$BN, except for per share figures

Valuation date	2019/12/31	2020/12/31
In-force business investment yield	3.57% ~ Year 2039 4.61% for NTD policies 4.36% ~ Year 2039 5.24% for USD policies (Equivalent investment yield: 3.86% Rolling over to 2020: 3.91%)	3.67% ~ Year 2040 4.70% for NTD policies 4.26% ~ Year 2040 5.31% for USD policies (Equivalent investment yield: 3.97%)
Risk discount rate	9.5%	9.5%
Adjusted net worth	621	743
Value of in-force business	550	633
Cost of capital (CoC)	-236	-232
Value of in-force business (After CoC)	314	401
Embedded Value (EV)	935	1,144
EV / per share	159.8(74.1)	195.5(86.8)
Future one year's new business investment yield	2.41% ~ Year 2039 4.35% for NTD policies 3.86% ~ Year 2039 5.15% for USD policies	2.55% ~ Year 2040 4.52% for NTD policies 3.95% ~ Year 2040 5.23% for USD policies
Value of future one year's new business (After CoC)	35.0	34.5
Appraisal Value (AV)	1,242	1,446
AV / per share	212.3(98.4)	247.2(109.8)

Note: (1) EV/AV calculation does not include business of Cathay Life in China and Vietnam.

- (2) per share = per share of Cathay Life; (per share) = per share of Cathay FHC
- (3) The outstanding shares of Cathay Life in 2019 and 2020 are 5.85bn.
- (4) The outstanding shares of Cathay FHC in 2019 and 2020 are 12.62bn and 13.17bn, respectively.
- (5) May not sum to total due to rounding.

Summary

NT\$BN, except for per share figures

	NIŞBN, except for per share figures							
	Valuation date	2019	2020	Growth rate	1Q21			
	Equity	589	714	21%				
	Adjusted net worth	621	743	20%				
Embedded	Value of in-force business(before CoC)	550	633	15%				
value	Cost of capital (CoC)	-236	-232	-2%				
	Value in-force business (after CoC)	314	401	28%				
	Embedded value	935	1,144	22%				
	First year premium (FYP)	201.1	160.8	-20%	59.4			
	First year premium equivalent (FYPE)	96.3	62.2	-35%	14.1			
Value of one	Value of one year's new business (V1NB)	48.0	32.9	-32%	8.3			
year's new	Profit margin (V1NB/FYP)	24%	20%		14%			
business	Profit margin (V1NB/FYPE)	50%	53%		59%			
	Profit margin (V1NB/FYP)(investment-	2.40/	410/		470/			
	linked(non-VUL)is excluded)	34%	41%		47%			
Appraisal value	Multiple	8.8	8.8					
(20 years NB)	Appraisal value	1,242	1,446	16%				
Basic Value	EV / per share of Cathay FHC	74.1	86.8	17%				
per share	AV / per share of Cathay FHC	98.4	109.8	12%				

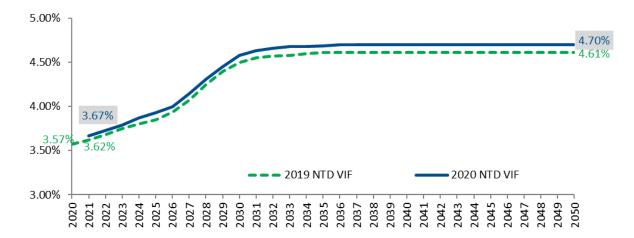
Note: (1) Basic EV and AV per share is based on weighted average of outstanding shares in 2019 and 2020, which are 12.62bn and 13.17bn, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Totals may not sum due to rounding.

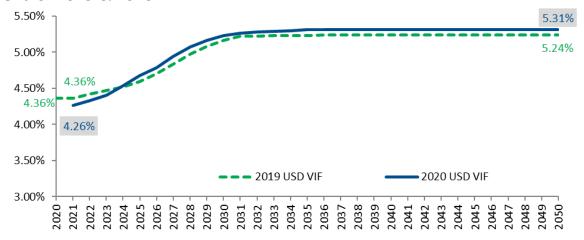


Economic Assumptions: In-force business investment yield

■ Investment return assumptions for the value of in force business of NTD-denominated policies as of the end of 2019 & 2020.

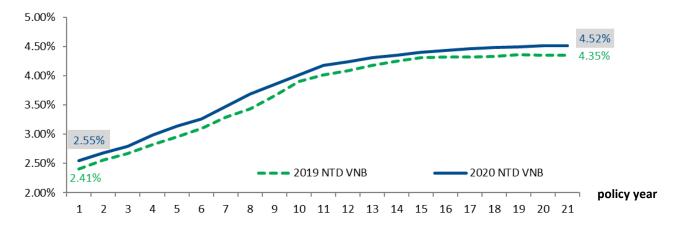


■ Investment return assumptions for the value of in force business of USD-denominated policies as of the end of 2019 & 2020.

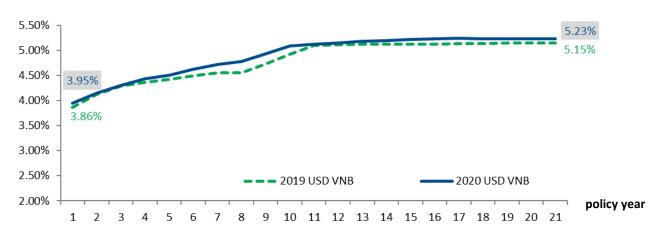


Economic Assumptions: Future one year's new business investment yield

■ Investment return assumptions for the value of future one year's new business of NTD-denominated policies as of the end of 2019 & 2020.

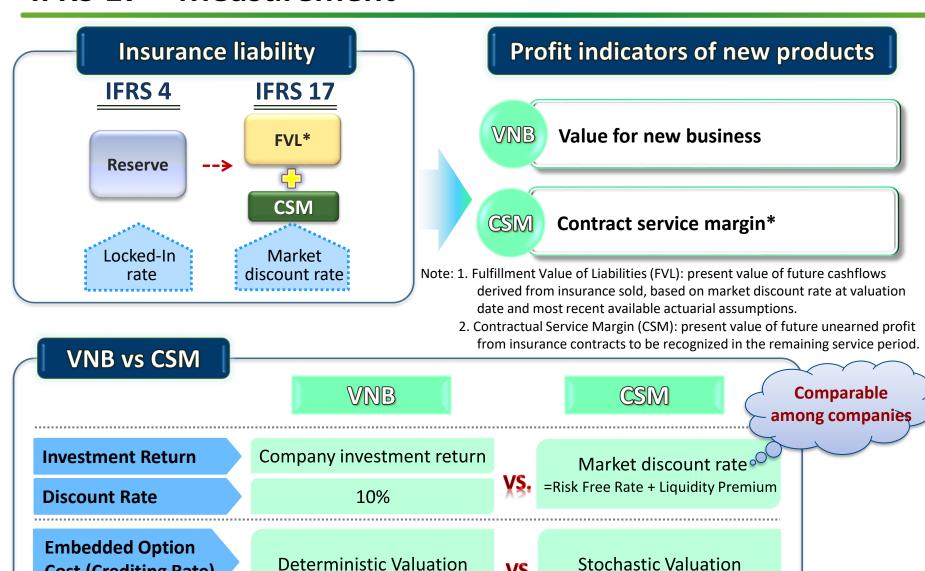


■ Investment return assumptions for the value of future one year's new business of USD-denominated policies as of the end of 2019 & 2020.





IFRS 17 – Measurement



VS.

Stochastic Valuation



Cost (Crediting Rate)

IFRS 17 – Adoption date

Retrospective Approach

Retrospect IFRS17 to policy underwriting date. This requires full historic data throughout adoption date

If Impracticable

Apply "Modified Retrospective " or "Fair Value" Approach

Modified Retrospective Approach

Use reasonable and supportable information to derive similar results to Retrospective Approach

Fair Value Approach

The impact of legacy book can be offset by new book

Note: Legacy book - contracts with guaranteed rates ≥ 4% New book - contracts with guaranteed rates < 4%

Accounting impact from IFRS 17

- □ IFRS 17 implementation changes the measurement of insurance liability. It does not affect the value of insurance contracts but affects the timing of profit recognition for insurance services.
- Insurers need to mark to market both assets and liabilities.
- □ It may increase the volatility of shareholders' equity, hence asset-liability management expertise is critical.

IFRS 17 impact & preparation

Benefiting from IFRS 17

- The impact from legacy book is fully reflected on adoption date
- Reduce the interest expense of insurance liability thereafter



Value-driven product strategy

CSM-focused products

- Protection products with superior CSM margin (CSM/FYP)
- Savings products with positive CSM

Capital plan

Capital market volatility and IFRS 17 adoption

- Build adequate capital buffer
- Early preparation ahead of the industry

Healthier Industry development

- Better risk-pricing disciplines among competitors restore industry profit margins
- Strong ALM expertise is critical for achieving stable financial performance

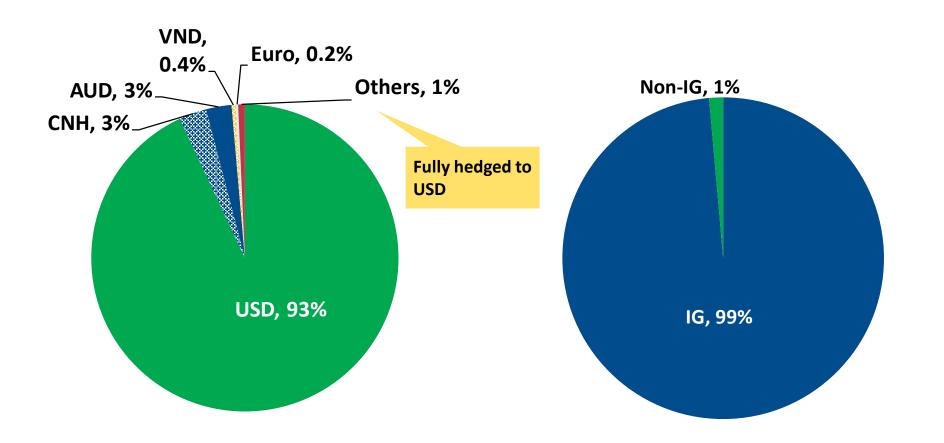




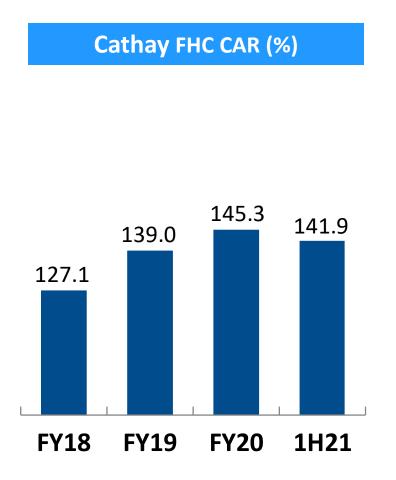
Cathay Life – Overseas bond breakdown by currency and rating

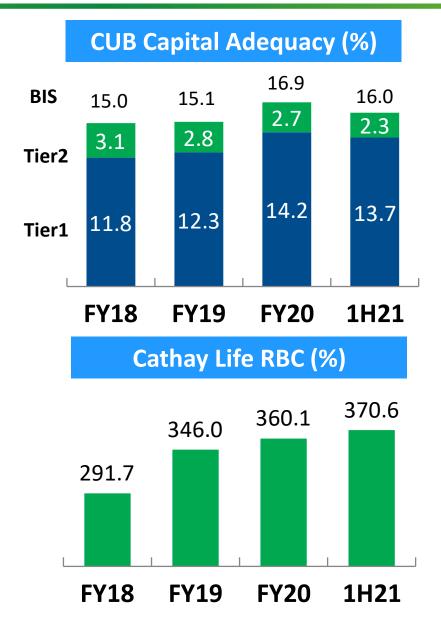
Overseas bond by currency (9M21)

Overseas bond by rating (9M21)



Capital adequacy









Cathay Financial Holdings			FY20/			9M21/			3Q21/
(NT\$MN)			FY19			9M20			3Q20
Income Statement Data (Consolidated)	FY19	FY20	% Chg	9M20	9M21	% Chg	3Q20	3Q21	% Chg
Operating Income									
Net interest income	196,367	190,930	-3%	142,985	145,173	2%	47,079	48,860	4%
Net commission and fee	2,346	7,244	209%	5,335	9,308	74%	2,536	3,832	51%
Net earned premium	631,487	602,806	-5%	437,090	374,677	-14%	132,123	113,300	-14%
Change in liability reserve	(394,074)	(462,094)	17%	(340,349)	(273,724)	-20%	(98,439)	(75,255)	-24%
Net claims payment	(365,669)	(289,808)	-21%	(208,736)	(219,429)	5%	(72,791)	(78,427)	8%
Investment income	89,797	124,347	38%	99,081	157,685	59%	46,953	41,919	-11%
Contribution from associates-equity method	1,149	(12,085)	-1152%	(12,450)	1,616	113%	561	595	6%
Other net non-interest income	411	6,480	1475%	10,846	8,559	-21%	(3,461)	1,733	150%
Bad debt expense	(2,205)	(3,178)	44%	(1,749)	(3,214)	84%	(829)	(1,034)	25%
Operating expense	(89,050)	(83,027)	-7%	(60,764)	(62,572)	3%	(20,267)	(21,634)	7%
Income before taxes	70,557	81,616	16%	71,289	138,078	94%	33,465	33,890	1%
Income taxes	(6,698)	(5,658)	-16%	(6,873)	(15,709)	129%	(1,751)	(3,036)	73%
Net income	63,859	75,958	19%	64,415	122,369	90%	31,714	30,853	-3%
EPS (NT\$)	4.76	5.41		4.55	8.98		2.37	2.32	
EFS (NT\$)	4.76	3.41		4.55	0.90		2.31	2.32	
Dividend Payout									
Cash dividend per share	2.00	2.50							
Stock dividend per share	0.00	0.00							
Weighted average outstanding shares	12,618	13,169		13,169	13,169				
(Millions of common shares)									
Balance Sheet Data (Consolidated)									
Total assets	10,065,479	10,950,472		10,562,020	11,383,850				
Total shareholders' equity	782,027	904,776		824,630	870,033				
Operating Metrics									
ROAE (Consolidated)	9.74%	9.01%		10.69%	18.39%				
ROAA (Consolidated)	0.66%	0.72%		0.83%	1.46%				
Double leverage ratio(inc. preferred stock)	110%	111%		112%	113%				
2000.0 .0.010go ralio(ino. profotou didok)	11070	11170		11270	11070				
Capital Adequacy Metrics									
Capital Adequacy Ratio	139%	145%							

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ All data and information on this page is provided for informational purposes only, and may subject to adjustment. For more details, please refer to our official financial reports.

⁽²⁾ Total may not sum due to rounding.



Cathay Life			FY20/			9M21/			3Q21/
(NT\$MN)			FY19			9M20			3Q20
Income Statement Data (Consolidated)	FY19	FY20	% Chg	9M20	9M21	% Chg	3Q20	3Q21	% Chg
Net written premium	608,641	580,261	-5%	420,602	356,316	-15%	126,526	106,709	-16%
Net earned premium	607,820	579,563	-5%	420,714	356,540	-15%	126,488	106,728	-16%
Reinsurance commission earned	356	533	50%	13	15	19%	6	6	4%
Fee income	8,450	8,701	3%	6,410	7,958	24%	2,231	2,733	22%
Recurring investment income	228,037	212,247	-7%	163,112	163,057	0%	57,286	62,504	9%
Gain on disposal of investment									
Realized gain (loss)-Equity	38,929	74,997	93%	58,509	98,204	68%	22,862	20,278	-11%
Realized gain (loss)-Debt	36,365	64,964	79%	54,175	54,164	0%	15,665	8,639	-45%
Gain on investment property	912	1,881	106%	1,882	1,195	-37%	(16)	49	412%
FX and others, net	(61,689)	(90,182)	-46%	(73,083)	(39,016)	47%	(15,525)	(10,294)	34%
Investment income, net	242,553	263,907	9%	204,595	277,603	36%	80,273	81,176	1%
Other operating income	6,107	6,978	14%	5,418	5,975	10%	2,245	2,125	-5%
Separate account revenues	63,653	73,396	15%	33,215	59,762	80%	22,543	6,336	-72%
Net claims payment	(349,158)	(273,049)	-22%	(197,282)	(207,236)	5%	(68,911)	(74,297)	8%
Changes in liability reserves	(393,679)	(462,233)	17%	(340,476)	(273,333)	-20%	(98,253)	(75,187)	-23%
Acquisition and commission expense	(43,834)	(35,815)	-18%	(26,138)	(25,245)	-3%	(8,317)	(8,168)	-2%
Other operating costs	(6,394)	(6,635)	4%	(5,291)	(5,967)	13%	(2,093)	(2,058)	-2%
Financial cost	(2,730)	(2,501)	-8%	(1,767)	(2,263)	28%	(727)	(782)	8%
Separate account expense	(63,653)	(73,396)	15%	(33,215)	(59,762)	80%	(22,543)	(6,336)	-72%
Operating expense	(30,692)	(29,565)	-4%	(21,934)	(24,016)	9%	(7,352)	(8,323)	13%
Net non-operating income	1,710	1,589	-7%	1,197	1,142	-5%	348	332	-4%
Income taxes	(2,216)	1,209	-155%	(610)	(10,925)	1692%	(880)	(1,641)	86%
Net income	38,293	52,682	38%	44,848	100,250	124%	25,058	22,645	-10%
Balance Sheet Data									
Total assets	7,085,624	7,675,559		7,426,199	7,931,772				
General account	6,478,081	7,033,875		6,834,164	7,234,047				
Separate account	607,542	641,685		592,036	697,725				
Reserves for life insurance liabilities	5,683,424	6,085,534		5,977,033	6,315,250				
Total liabilities	6,491,106	6,954,433		6,777,799	7,227,418				
Total shareholders' equity	594,518	721,126		648,400	704,353				
Operating Metrics (Standalone)									
First Year Premium(FYP)	201,064	160,771		122,546	156,226				
First Year Premium Equivalent(FYPE)	96,313	62,182		51,135	37,777				
Expense ratio	10.6%	9.5%		9.7%	11.6%				
13-M persistency ratio	98.0%	98.1%		98.1%	98.4%				
25-M persistency ratio	96.4%	95.5%		95.6%	96.1%				
ROAE	8.01%	8.01%		9.62%	18.75%				
ROAA	0.57%	0.71%		0.82%	1.71%				
Capital Adequacy Metrics (Standalone)									

Notes:

RBC ratio

346%

360%

⁽¹⁾ All data and information on this page is provided for informational purposes only, and may subject to adjustment. For more details, please refer to our official financial reports.

⁽²⁾ Total may not sum due to rounding.



Cathay United Bank

Properties Pro	(NT\$MN)			FY20/ FY19			9M21/ 9M20		3Q21/ 3Q20	
Net income to take to the provisions to robust to the pr		FY19	FY20		9M20	9M21		3020	3021	
Net interest income 36,446 35,223 3-% 26,285 28,488 89 8,341 9,833 189 Fee income 17,090 16,331 4-% 12,634 14,085 119 4,672 5,388 159 Investment income 5.94 85.5 44% 650 363 44% 190 88 5.5 Other income 5.94 85.5 44% 650 363 44% 190 88 5.5 Other income 5.94 85.5 44% 650 363 44% 190 88 5.5 Other income 5.94 85.5 44% 650 363 44% 190 88 5.5 Other provision profit 29,320 29,205 0% 24,053 24,49 2% 6,693 8,244 23% Other provision for possible losses 26,867 258,23 2.9 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 Income before taxes 26,467 25,823 2.2 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.0 Income tax (3,981) (3,512) -1.2 (2,938) (2,867) -2% (6,98) (1,044) 4.9 Net income 22,486 2.2 311 -1% 19,208 18,839 -2% 5,359 5,579 2.3 Balance Sheet Data 1,553,151 1,661,296 1,004,997 1,800,416 1,800,453 Total lassitis 2,741,601 2,982,805 2,868,238 3,177,855 Depositis 2,335,331 2,648,995 2,251,085 2,857,079 Financial Debenture Payable 53,900 53,800 53,800 46,800 Total shareholders' equity 231,952 246,656 240,481 246,096 2,848 Fee income ratio 53,55% 52,81% 50,01% 50,06% ROAE 10,27% 9,32% 10,84% 10,20% ROAE 1,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,288 3,174 3,			1 120	70 O.I.g	0.0.20	02	70 O.I.g			70 O.I.g
Fee income	•	36 446	35 223	-3%	26 285	28 488	8%	8 341	0 833	18%
Investment income										
Other income 594 855 44% 650 363 44% 190 88 5-3% Net operating income 63,126 61,891 -2% 48,117 48,959 2% 14,956 17,155 18 Operating expenses (33,806) (32,806) 39,824,046 (24,614) (24,614) 24,419 2% (8,263) (8,911) 8% Pre-provision profit 29,320 29,205 0% 24,053 24,449 2% 6,693 8,244 23% Net provisions for possible losses (2,845) (3,381) (3,382) 19% (1,908) (2,743) 44% (636) 6,623 8,244 23% Net provisions for possible losses 28,467 25,823 -2% 22,146 21,706 -2% 60,677 7,622 28% Income before taxes 28,466 23,311 -1% 19,208 18,339 -2% 60,89 6,579 23% Balance Sheet Data 1 155,3151 1,661,296										
Net operating income 63,126 61,891 -2% 48,117 48,959 2% 14,956 17,155 15%										
Operating expenses (33,806) (32,886) -3% (24,064) (24,510) 2% (8,633) (8,911) 8% Pre-provision profit 29,320 29,320 29,380 23,382 19% (1,908) (2,743) 44% (636) (622) -2% Income before taxes 26,467 25,823 -2% 22,146 21,706 -2% 6,057 7,622 26% Income before taxes 26,467 25,823 -2% 22,146 21,706 -2% 6,057 7,622 26% Net income 23,381 1,351 1,61 19,208 18,839 -2% 5,359 6,579 23% Balance Sheet Data 2,2466 2,311 -1% 19,208 18,839 -2% 5,359 6,579 23% Total assets 2,973,496 3,229,460 3,108,719 3,423,952 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 <td></td>										
Pre-provision profit 29,320 29,205 0% 24,053 24,449 2% 6,693 8,244 23% Net provisions for possible losses (2,853) (3,382) 19% (1,908) (2,743) 44% (636) (622) -2% Income before taxes 26,467 25,833 -2% 22,146 21,706 -2% (698) (1,044) 49% Income tax (3,981) (3,512) -12% (2,938) (2,867) -2% (698) (1,044) 49% Net income 22,486 22,311 -1% 19,208 18,839 -2% 5,359 6,579 23% Balance Sheet Data 1 1,661,296 1,604,997 1,800,416 1,641,296 1,641,296 1,604,4997 1,800,416 1,641,234 1,77,855 1,021,636 1,084,534 1,77,855 2,041,401 2,962,805 2,808,238 3,177,855 2,041,401 2,46,800 3,177,855 2,461,401 2,461,401 2,461,401 2,461,401 2,461,401 2,461,40										
Net provisions for possible losses (2,853) (3,382) (19% (1,908) (2,743) 44% (636) (622) -2% (1come before taxes (26,467) (25,823) -2% (21,466) (2,743) (4,76) (6,067) (7,622) 26% (1come before taxes (3,981) (3,512) -12% (2,938) (2,867) -2% (698) (1,044) 49% (1come tax (2,9486) (2,311) -1% (19,208) (18,839) -2% (5,359) (1,044) 49% (1come tax (2,9486) (2,311) -1% (19,208) (18,839) -2% (5,359) (6,579) 23% (1come tax (2,973,496) (2,9346) (3,108,719) (3,423,952) (2,867) (2,868,238) (2,8									* * * * *	
Income before taxes 26,467 25,823 -2% 22,146 21,706 -2% 6,057 7,622 26% 10come tax (3,981) (3,512) -12% (2,938) (2,967) -2% (698) (1,044) 49% 49%	•									
Income tax	·	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *								
Net income										
Total assets		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * *						* * * * *	
Total assets	Balance Sheet Data									
Loans, net Financial assets 1,553,151 1,661,296 1,604,997 1,800,416 Financial assets 897,677 1,028,595 1,021,636 1,084,534 Total liability 2,741,601 2,982,805 2,868,238 3,177,855 Deposits 2,335,331 2,648,995 2,521,085 2,870,79 Financial Debenture Payable 53,900 53,800 53,800 46,800 Total shareholders' equity 231,895 246,656 240,481 246,096 Operating Metrics Cost income ratio 53,55% 52,81% 50,01% 50,06% ROAE 10,27% 9,32% 10,84% 10,20% ROAA 0,77% 0,72% 0,84% 0,76% Assets Quality (Standalone) NPL 2,286 2,274 2,488 3,104 NPL provisions 25,983 26,846 26,391 28,282 Coverage ratio 1137% 1180% 1061% 911% Capital Adequacy Metrics (Standalone)		2,973,496	3,229,460		3,108,719	3,423,952				
Financial assets 897,677 1,028,595 1,021,636 1,084,534 Total liability 2,741,601 2,982,805 2,888,238 3,177,855 Deposits 2,353,331 2,648,995 2,521,085 2,876,079 Financial Debenture Payable 53,900 53,800 53,800 46,800 Total shareholders' equity 231,895 246,656 240,481 246,096 Operating Metrics Cost income ratio 53,55% 52,81% 50,01% 50,06% ROAA 0,27% 9,32% 10,84% 10,20% ROAA 0,77% 0,72% 0,84% 0,76% Assets Quality (Standalone) NPL 2,286 2,274 2,488 3,104 NPL provisions 25,983 26,846 26,391 28,282 Coverage ratio 1137% 1180% 1061% 911% Capital Adequacy Metrics (Standalone) BIS ratio 15.1% 16.9% Tier I Ratio 15.5% 62.5%	Loans, net	1,553,151	1,661,296		1,604,997	1,800,416				
Deposits 2,335,331 2,648,995 2,521,085 2,857,079 Financial Debenture Payable 53,900 53,800 53,800 46,800 Total shareholders' equity 231,895 246,656 240,481 246,096 Operating Metrics Cost income ratio 53.55% 52.81% 50.01% 50.06% ROAE 10.27% 9.32% 10.84% 10.20% ROAA 0.77% 0.72% 0.84% 0.76% Assets Quality (Standalone) NPL 2,286 2,274 2,488 3,104 NPL provisions 25,983 26,846 26,391 28,282 Coverage ratio 1137% 1180% 1061% 911% Capital Adequacy Metrics (Standalone) BIS ratio 15.1% 16.9% 14.2% LDR (Standalone) LDR (Standalone) 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8%	Financial assets	897,677			1,021,636					
Financial Debenture Payable 53,900 53,800 46,800 Total shareholders' equity 231,895 246,656 240,481 246,096 Cost income ratio 53,55% 52,81% 50,01% 50,06% ROAE 10,27% 9.32% 10,84% 10,20% ROAA 0.77% 0.72% 0.84% 0.76%	Total liability	2,741,601	2,982,805		2,868,238	3,177,855				
Operating Metrics Cost income ratio 53.55% 52.81% 50.01% 50.06% ROAE 10.27% 9.32% 10.84% 10.20% ROAA 0.77% 0.72% 0.84% 0.76% Assets Quality (Standalone) NPL 2,286 2,274 2,488 3,104 NPL ratio 0.15% 0.14% 0.16% 0.18% NPL provisions 25,983 26,846 26,391 28,282 Coverage ratio 1137% 1180% 1061% 911% Capital Adequacy Metrics (Standalone) BIS ratio 15.1% 16.9% Tier I Ratio 12.3% 14.2% LDR (Standalone) LDR 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 70.1% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%	Deposits	2,335,331	2,648,995		2,521,085	2,857,079				
Operating Metrics Cost income ratio 53.55% 52.81% 50.01% 50.06% ROAE 10.27% 9.32% 10.84% 10.20% ROAA 0.77% 0.72% 0.84% 0.76% Assets Quality (Standalone) NPL 2,286 2,274 2,488 3,104 NPL ratio 0.15% 0.14% 0.16% 0.18% NPL provisions 25,983 26,846 26,391 28,282 Coverage ratio 1137% 1180% 1061% 911% Capital Adequacy Metrics (Standalone) BIS ratio 15.1% 16.9% Tier I Ratio 12.3% 14.2% LDR (Standalone) LDR 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 70.1% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%	Financial Debenture Payable	53,900	53,800		53,800	46,800				
Cost income ratio 53.55% 52.81% 50.01% 50.06% ROAE 10.27% 9.32% 10.84% 10.20% ROAA 0.77% 0.72% 0.84% 0.76% Assets Quality (Standalone) NPL 2,286 2,274 2,488 3,104 NPL ratio 0.15% 0.14% 0.16% 0.18% NPL provisions 25,983 26,846 26,391 28,282 Coverage ratio 1137% 1180% 1061% 911% Capital Adequacy Metrics (Standalone) BIS ratio 15.1% 16.9% Tier I Ratio 12.3% 14.2% LDR (Standalone) LDR 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 70.1% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%	Total shareholders' equity	231,895	246,656		240,481	246,096				
ROAE 10.27% 9.32% 10.84% 10.20% ROAA 0.77% 0.72% 0.84% 0.76% Assets Quality (Standalone) NPL 2.286 2.274 2.488 3,104 NPL ratio 0.15% 0.14% 0.16% 0.18% NPL provisions 25,983 26,846 26,391 28,282 Coverage ratio 1137% 1180% 1061% 911% Capital Adequacy Metrics (Standalone) BIS ratio 15.1% 16.9% Tier I Ratio 12.3% 14.2% LDR (Standalone) LDR 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 70.1% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%	Operating Metrics									
ROAA 0.77% 0.72% 0.84% 0.76% Assets Quality (Standalone) NPL 2,286 2,274 2,488 3,104 NPL ratio 0.15% 0.14% 0.16% 0.18% NPL provisions 25,983 26,846 26,391 28,282 Coverage ratio 1137% 1180% 1061% 911% Capital Adequacy Metrics (Standalone) BIS ratio 15.1% 16.9% Tier I Ratio 12.3% 14.2% LDR 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 65.5% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%	Cost income ratio	53.55%	52.81%		50.01%	50.06%				
Assets Quality (Standalone) NPL 2,286 2,274 2,488 3,104 NPL ratio 0.15% 0.14% 0.16% 0.18% NPL provisions 25,983 26,846 26,391 28,282 Coverage ratio 1137% 1180% 1061% 911% Capital Adequacy Metrics (Standalone) BIS ratio 15.1% 16.9% 12.3% 14.2% LDR (Standalone) LDR (Standalone) 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 70.1% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%	ROAE	10.27%	9.32%		10.84%	10.20%				
NPL 2,286 2,274 2,488 3,104 NPL ratio 0.15% 0.14% 0.16% 0.18% NPL provisions 25,983 26,846 26,391 28,282 Coverage ratio 1137% 1180% 1061% 911% Capital Adequacy Metrics (Standalone) BIS ratio 15.1% 16.9% 14.2% Tier I Ratio 12.3% 14.2% LDR (Standalone) LDR 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 70.1% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%	ROAA	0.77%	0.72%		0.84%	0.76%				
NPL ratio 0.15% 0.14% 0.16% 0.18% NPL provisions 25,983 26,846 26,391 28,282 Coverage ratio 1137% 1180% 1061% 911% Capital Adequacy Metrics (Standalone) BIS ratio 15.1% 16.9% Tier I Ratio 12.3% 14.2% LDR (Standalone) LDR 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 70.1% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%										
NPL provisions 25,983 26,846 26,391 28,282 Coverage ratio 1137% 1180% 1061% 911% Capital Adequacy Metrics (Standalone) BIS ratio 15.1% 16.9% Tier I Ratio 12.3% 14.2% LDR (Standalone) LDR 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 70.1% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%		2,286	2,274		2,488	3,104				
Coverage ratio 1137% 1180% 1061% 911% Capital Adequacy Metrics (Standalone) BIS ratio 15.1% 16.9% Tier I Ratio 12.3% 14.2% LDR (Standalone) LDR 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 70.1% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%		0.15%	0.14%		0.16%	0.18%				
Capital Adequacy Metrics (Standalone) BIS ratio 15.1% 16.9% Tier I Ratio 12.3% 14.2% LDR (Standalone) LDR 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 70.1% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%	•									
BIS ratio 15.1% 16.9% Tier I Ratio 12.3% 14.2% LDR (Standalone) LDR 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 70.1% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%	Coverage ratio	1137%	1180%		1061%	911%				
Tier I Ratio 12.3% 14.2% LDR (Standalone) 55.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 70.1% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%										
LDR (Standalone) LDR 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 70.1% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%										
LDR 65.5% 62.5% 63.3% 62.8% TWD LDR 70.1% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%	Tier I Ratio	12.3%	14.2%							
TWD LDR 70.1% 69.7% 68.4% 70.4%	· ·									
FX LDR 48.8% 38.7% 45.0% 36.1%										
	FX LDR	48.8%	38.7%		45.0%	36.1%				

Notes

⁽¹⁾ All data and information on this page is provided for informational purposes only, and may subject to adjustment. For more details, please refer to our official financial reports.

⁽²⁾ Total may not sum due to rounding.



Cathay Century

Cathay Century			FY20/			9M21/			3Q21/
(NT\$MM)			FY19			9M20			3Q20
Income Statement Data (Consolidated)	FY19	FY20	% Chg	9M20	9M21	% Chg	3Q20	3Q21	% Chg
Premium income	25,343	25,498	1%	18,436	20,225	10%	6,045	6,671	10%
Net written premium	19,550	19,413	-1%	14,132	15,012	6%	4,777	5,204	9%
Net earned premium	19,077	18,848	-1%	14,086	14,600	4%	4,718	5,154	9%
Reinsurance commission earned	572	572	0%	412	676	64%	128	184	43%
Fee income	42	45	6%	35	35	1%	11	11	1%
Investment	1,020	1,254	23%	950	1,255	32%	535	457	-15%
Interest income	555	546	-2%	417	408	-2%	136	140	2%
Other investment income, net	465	708	52%	533	847	59%	399	318	-20%
Other operating income	0	0	0%	0	0	0%	0	0	0%
Net claims payment	(10,321)	(10,669)	3%	(7,938)	(7,595)	-4%	(2,588)	(2,401)	-7%
Changes in liability reserves	(395)	139	-135%	127	(391)	407%	(186)	(68)	-64%
Commissions and other operating costs	(3,409)	(3,411)	0%	(2,446)	(2,807)	15%	(804)	(999)	24%
Operating expenses	(4,097)	(4,224)	3%	(3,033)	(3,315)	9%	(994)	(1,163)	17%
Operating income	2,490	2,553	3%	2,193	2,458	12%	820	1,177	43%
Net non-operating income	5	5	1%	0	(2)	-519%	(0)	(0)	-248%
Income taxes	(389)	(385)	-1%	(326)	(346)	6%	(83)	(158)	91%
Net income	2,106	2,174	3%	1,867	2,110	13%	737	1,018	38%
Balance Sheet Data									
Total assets	43,008	44,298		41,656	47,446				
Total stockholders' equity	12,656	13,130		12,112	13,625				
Operating Metrics									
Gross Combined ratio	84.8%	83.2%		83.2%	87.3%				
Net Combined ratio	93.0%	92.9%		91.7%	90.0%				
ROAE	18.57%	16.86%		20.10%	21.03%				
ROAA	5.19%	4.98%		5.88%	6.13%				
Capital Adequacy Metrics RBC ratio (Standalone)	339%	323%							

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ All data and information on this page is provided for informational purposes only, and may subject to adjustment. For more details, please refer to our official financial reports.

⁽²⁾ Total may not sum due to rounding.

Disclaimer This document is provided by Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. (the "Company"). Except for the numbers and information included in the Company's financial statements, the information contained in this document has not been audited or reviewed by any accountant or independent expert. The Company makes no express or implied representations or warranties as to the fairness, accuracy, completeness, or correctness of such information or opinions. This document is provided as of the date herein and will not be updated to reflect any changes hereafter. The Company, its affiliates and their representatives do not accept any responsibility or liability for any damage caused by their negligence or any other reasons, nor do they accept responsibility or liability for any loss or damages arising from the use of this document or the information contained herein or anything related to this document. This document may contain forward-looking statements, including but not limited to all statements that address activities, events or developments that the Company expects or anticipates to take place in the future based on the projections of the Company toward the future, and various factors and uncertainness beyond the Company's control. Therefore, the actual results may differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements.

This document is not and cannot be construed as an offer to purchase or sell securities or other financial products or solicitation of an offer.

purpose.

This document may not be directly or indirectly reproduced, redistributed or forwarded to any other person and may not be published in whole or in part for any